



Máster en Erasmus Mundus en Ingeniería de Membranas 69131 - Preparation of nanostructured materials

Guía docente para el curso 2014 - 2015

Curso: 2, Semestre: 1, Créditos: 6.0

Información básica

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Recomendaciones para cursar esta asignatura

Recommendations for taking this subject

The "*Preparation of Nanostructured Materials*" module is obligatory and counts for 8 ECTS credits or 200 student work hours. Of these 8 credits, 6 are for theory and 2 correspond to laboratory practicals. The course is given in the first term of the academic year. As with the other modules in this Master's, this module is taught and assessed completely in English.

The objective of this module is to show the student the various chemical and physical methods for preparing nanostructured materials.

This is an eminently practical module where students analyse, debate and evaluate different nanostructured materials manufacturing methods. The theory classes are accompanied and complemented by four practicals through which the students can see up close in the laboratory the difficulties and advantages of the different preparation methods for these materials, with access to highly specialised equipment that they will be able to use - under supervision of the staff - as there will be so few people per group (3-4 students).

As the whole course is taught in English, students need to have an upper-intermediate level in the language: minimum level B1 in the European Common Framework Language Reference, but preferably level B2. Level B1 is reached when the student is able to understand the main points of clear, standard-language texts when covering known matters - whether in terms of work, study or leisure; when able to cope in most situations which the student encounters during a trip to places where the language is spoken; when able to write simple, coherent texts on familiar topics or those in which the student has an interest; and when able to describe experiences, happenings, wishes and ambitions as well as briefly justify opinions or explain plans. B2 is achieved when the student is able to understand the main ideas of complex texts that deal with both specific and abstract topics, even if these are technical - though within the field of specialisation; when able to communicate with native speakers with the degree of fluency and ease such that the communication takes place without effort on either side; and when able to write clear, detailed texts on diverse subjects as well as defend a point of view on general topics - giving the pros and cons of the different options.

Actividades y fechas clave de la asignatura

Dates and key points for the subject

Classes for this module start at the end of module 1 (around the beginning of November) and continue for some 5 or 6 weeks.

The classes and laboratory practicals are given in the afternoon and the calendar for these and the exam dates will be published prior to the beginning of each academic year in the web page for the Master's: www.unizar.es/nanomat

Inicio

Resultados de aprendizaje que definen la asignatura

El estudiante, para superar esta asignatura, deberá demostrar los siguientes resultados...

1:

In order to pass this subject, the students must show that they... (Passing this subject, the students achieve the following results...)

1. Possess a critical view of the different chemical and physical methods for the preparation of nanostructured materials, identifying the pros and cons of each method in accordance with the material type with which they are going to work.
2. Identify and correlate the unique features of the original materials, the preparation technique used and the end nature and properties of the nanostructures obtained.
3. Assess the practical difficulties involved in the manufacturing of nanostructured materials, developing the ability to design strategies to solve them and being able to choose the most appropriate approach in each case.
4. The student is able to plan, design and perform experiments that allow value added nanomaterials to be produced, assessing the problems, risks and results.

Introducción

Breve presentación de la asignatura

A brief introduction to the subject

The two types of approach used for the production of nanostructured materials are presented in this subject, i.e. the "top-down" method which consists of "sculpting" a macro or micro material until obtaining the nanoscopic dimensions required, and the "bottom-up" method in which the atoms and molecules are moved like "bricks" to create a nanoscopic molecular building.

A brief description of the contents of this subject includes:

Presentation of the nanostructured materials preparation methods: "top-down" and "bottom-up" approaches. Preparation methods for thin film, single and multi-layer molecules: chemical vapour deposition (CVD), physical vapour deposition (PVD), liquid phase deposition ("cast films", "spin coating", "spray coating", "ink printing", "dip-coating", "layer-by-layer", Langmuir-Blodgett, liquid phase epitaxy, electroplating, etc.), solid phase deposition ("powder deposition", "screen printing"). Optical lithography. Electron beam lithography. Ion beam lithography. Evanescent wave lithography. Nanoimprint lithography.

The theory classes are complemented by four practical sessions including:

- 1.- Liquid phase deposition techniques
- 2.- Optical lithography
- 3.- PLD Sputtering
- 4.- Nanolab

Contexto y competencias

Sentido, contexto, relevancia y objetivos generales de la asignatura

La asignatura y sus resultados previstos responden a los siguientes planteamientos y objetivos:

The subject and its expected results respond to the following general planning and objectives:

An extensive control of order at an atomic and molecular level allows the properties of the materials to be optimised and strengthened. Current science and technology allow the manipulation of the material atom by atom or molecule by molecule. Therefore, in this module, different nanostructured materials production techniques will be examined, linking the most appropriate technique in each case to the material we wish to handle and the architecture and end properties of the nanodevice we intend to produce.

Some of these techniques require highly specialised scientific instruments. Zaragoza University and the Aragonese Institutes of Nanoscience (INA) and Science of Materials (ICMA) provide the Master's students with next gen equipment allowing them to acquire abilities and skills in the management of instruments that are of great value on the curriculum of a professional in disciplines within the field of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology.

Contexto y sentido de la asignatura en la titulación

Context and position of the subject in the qualification:

The objective of this module, together with the “*Assembly and Production of Nanostructures*” module, is to instruct the student in the different methods available to obtain nanostructured materials, i.e. the first stage in the production of nanodevices with properties that are of interest in fields as diverse as physics, chemistry, biochemistry and medicine.

Al superar la asignatura, el estudiante será más competente para...

1: On passing this subject, the student will be better able to:

1. Assess how an extensive control of order at an atomic and molecular level allows the properties of the materials to be optimised and strengthened.
2. Classify the nanostructure production methods, identifying the most appropriate in each case in accordance with the starting materials and the intended end properties.
3. Use specific equipment to prepare nanostructured materials.
4. See and use the vocabulary appropriate to this discipline, being able to assess, judge and contrast results obtained for the nanostructure production processes with other students.
5. Design a production process for a nanostructured material.

Importancia de los resultados de aprendizaje que se obtienen en la asignatura:

The results of the learning process for this subject are important because:

The first step to producing a nanodevice is choosing and designing an appropriate method for the assembly of the constituent atoms or molecules for the nanodevice. Therefore, this subject, taught in parallel with modules 1 (*Fundamental Properties of Nanostructured Materials*) and 3 (*Assembly and Production of Nanostructures*), takes place at the beginning of the academic year before later moving on to studying how the nanostructured material obtained can be characterised and its properties and potential market applications assessed.

The “*Preparation of Nanostructured Materials*” module aims to make the student aware of the importance of correctly choosing the nanostructure technique or production method in accordance with the working material and the intended end properties.

Evaluación

Actividades de evaluación

El estudiante deberá demostrar que ha alcanzado los resultados de aprendizaje previstos mediante las siguientes actividades de evaluación

1:

The student must show the expected results of the learning process through the following assessment methods:

For students choosing **continuous assessment**:

1.- Assessment of the 6 ECTS credits in this subject is partly achieved through a written test (50% of the mark for these 6 credits). Here the abilities acquired by the student in the shape of theoretical knowledge obtained are assessed in relation to nanostructure assembly and production. The exam consists of:

a) theory questions including topic(s) developed from those taught in class and included in the contents section of this teaching manual, plus answers to short questions, problems and exercises. Scientific knowledge and written communication skills are scored between 1 and 10 in this test.

b) problem solving, exercises and questions set during the classes responded to individually by the student in the same classes or handed in later to the lecturer giving the class. In these Q&As, the student will have to show knowledge about production of nanomaterials, nanostructures and nanolithographic techniques. Specifically, a score of 1 to 10 is given for: the right approach to solving the question or problem, correct solution, interpretation of the results and explanation of how the problem was solved, giving equations or graphs where necessary. Likewise, the student's oral and written communication skills will also be tested in these exams.

2. Undertake a monographic project related to some of the topics included in the module descriptors (with details in the "brief introduction to the subject" section for this module) [50% of the mark for the 6 theory credits]. Through this test, the results of the learning process will be assessed with regard to the abilities required for the module such as bibliographic searching, data interpretation, synthesis ability, oral and written communication skills, interaction with colleagues and professionals from other areas, etc. Specifically for the report, a score of 1 to 10 is given for: i) structure (logical division of content); ii) quality of scientific and technical content (presentation of state of art, correct use of formulae, use of consistent arguments, and correct presentation of most important conclusions); iii) good use of bibliography (number and quality of sources consulted); iv) presentation (well written, correct and fluent use of English, care taken over style). The following are assessed in the oral presentation: i) structure (logical division of content) and good distribution of time; ii) good scientific communication (concise presentation, direct, clear and pedagogical); iii) correct use of audiovisual equipment.

3. Assessment of the 2 ECTS credits for the practical part of the module (25% of the final mark for the module):

a.- The teachers for the practicals will assess the abilities and skills of the students in the laboratory (50%). They will score between 1 and 10 on basic aspects such as instrument handling skills, accuracy when performing experiments, attention to detail, ability to resolve unforeseen problems or difficulties that may

arise, etc.

b.- Answering questions posed by the practical teachers which include questions on the theoretical bases on which the practicals are based as well as the analysis and interpretation of the results obtained in the laboratory (50%). The teachers of the practical credits for the subject will score from 1 to 10 the Q&As and reports handed in by the students on their laboratory results and the interpretation of these. Special attention will be paid to checking that students have acquired the necessary abilities from these practical sessions, i.e. handling of nanomaterial production techniques, recognition of experimental difficulties in these processes, problem, risk and difficulty evaluation, interpretation of results obtained, professional presentation of laboratory-acquired results and written communication ability with specific language appropriate to the topic under consideration.

A minimum qualification of 4 out of 10 is needed in each of the three parts of the exam to pass the subject. In any case, the average over the three sections must be at least 5 out of 10 to pass the subject.

HYBRID AND OTHER SITTINGS

For **hybrid students coming to other sittings or wishing to increase their mark, the assessment consists of:**

1.- 50% A written test with theory questions including: (i) topic(s) to be developed based on those given in the "brief introduction to the subject" section in this teaching manual where the complete contents are given and (ii) multiple choice and/or short answer questions, also in reference to the class course content and problem solving and exercises where the student shows knowledge regarding the manufacturing of nanomaterials, nanostructures and nanolithographic techniques.

2.- 25% Oral defence before a tribunal of three lecturers from the Master's of a monographic piece of work (for which a written report is also presented). A score of between 1 and 10 is given in this test for bibliographic searches, correctly explaining the state of art of the topic which has been worked on, and synthesis capacity. Scientific communication skills will also be scored between 1 and 10 for these tests in which correct use of scientific language, audiovisual aids, graphs, presentation clarity, etc. is required. Both oral and written exams will take place in the language used for the course: English.

3.- 25%. A multiple choice test must be passed before going into the laboratory. Here the judgement is on whether or not the student is ready to respect the laboratory safety norms and if the student is able to manage the instruments involved in the practical test. This is an elimination test which can only be passed with a score of 8 out of 10. This first test counts for 5% of the total for this test. Once the test is passed, the student begins the laboratory exam. This consists of an experiment in which the student must show the capability to plan the necessary experiments given the objectives to be achieved. These experiments must be performed adequately, correctly using the corresponding instruments (an expert will at all times be supervising and will halt the exam if this person sees that the student is endangering the equipment used or their own safety) and obtaining a series of data that the student must then interpret. This second part counts for 95% of the mark for this test.

A minimum mark of 4 out of 10 is needed in each of the three parts of the exam to pass the subject. In order to pass the subject, an average of above 5 out of 10 is needed to pass the subject.

Actividades y recursos

Presentación metodológica general

El proceso de aprendizaje que se ha diseñado para esta asignatura se basa en lo siguiente:

The learning process created for this subject is based on:

The aim of this module is to provide students with knowledge of the basic nanostructured materials production methods, identifying the pros and cons of each technique in accordance with the starting material and the intended properties.

Therefore, following a general examination of these methods through participatory master classes, there will be case and problem analysis activities where these principles can be observed, examined in depth, evaluated and clarified.

These classes are complemented by laboratory practicals where the students can study, observe and handle the correct instruments for the production of nanostructured materials.

Following practical case analysis, there will be a seminar preparation activity for which the student will write a report on more specific details not previously examined in class of a preparation method and its importance in the scientific, technological, social and economic context.

Actividades de aprendizaje programadas (Se incluye programa)

El programa que se ofrece al estudiante para ayudarle a lograr los resultados previstos comprende las siguientes actividades...

1:
The programme offered to the student to help achieve the expected results contains the following activities:

1. Each topic area making up the programme for the module will be presented, analysed and discussed by the lecturer through participatory master classes lasting 50 minutes. The lecturers will provide the students with notes, handouts or summaries of class content prior to the beginning of the class (preferably via ADD) along with the recommended reading for more in-depth understanding of the topic.

2. Open forum on the basic concepts and their application. Comparison with real developments. Problem solving and practical case studies All the above will take place in participatory 50 minute classes. Completion of individual Q&As. Each student will complete the Q&As that the subject lecturers give them over the length of the course. The Q&As are to be completed individually by students and sent electronically or handed in to the relevant lecturers. Students will receive a reply from the lecturers as a result of the Q&As and there will be a discussion on the areas of discrepancy in the answers.

3. Completion of individual pieces of work. Each student will create - under the tutelage of a module lecturer - a written report of some 20 pages on a nanostructured materials preparation technique, going in depth on more specialised aspects of the technique that have not previously been analysed in class. In addition, the students will present this work before their colleagues and teachers in an oral presentation lasting some 20 minutes.

4. Four laboratory practicals through which the student faces real problems in the preparation of nanostructured materials. Thanks to the work with their colleagues in the practical groups, the student will develop group work skills and, through reports on the practicals, the student will become used to professionally presenting pieces of work - learning to communicate the results through the common language for the academic and industrial research community: English.

2:
PROGRAM

Fabrication methods of nanostructured materials: top-down and bottom-up approaches.

Vacuum technology. PVD. CVD.

Liquid Phase Deposition.

Electrochemical deposition.

Optical lithography. Fabrication of MEMS/NEMS. Electron beam lithography. Ion beam lithography. Scanning probe lithography. Nanoimprint, micro-printing, step-and-flash lithography. Other lithography techniques.

Planificación y calendario

Calendario de sesiones presenciales y presentación de trabajos

Class calendar and work presentation

This calendar will be published at the beginning of each academic year in the web page for the Master's: www.unizar.es/nanomat. All classes will be in the afternoon.

Referencias bibliográficas de la bibliografía recomendada